SYSTEM OF FUNDS AND ACCOUNTS

Funds

The district will maintain a system of funds with the county treasurer in accordance with state law and the accounting manual approved by the State Superintendent of Public Instruction. Below is a description of the district's system of funds. The funds are:

General Fund

The General Fund (GF) is financed primarily from local taxes, state support funds, federal grants, and local receipts. These revenues are used specifically for financing the ordinary and legally authorized operations of the district for all grades. The GF includes money that which has been segregated for the purpose of carrying on specific activities including, but not limited to, the basic and special education programs. The GF is managed in accordance with special regulations, restrictions, and limitations. The GF and constitutes an independent fiscal and accounting entity.

As a part of its GF, the district has a local revenue subfund to account for the district's operations that are paid for with local revenues.

The following local revenues will be deposited in the district's local revenue subfund:

- Enrichment levies and transportation levies collected under RCW 82.52.053;
- Local assistance funding received under chapter RCW 28A.500 RCW; and
- Other local revenues such as, but not limited to, grants, donations, and state and federal payment in lieu of taxes, or local revenues that operate as an offset to the district's basic education allocation under RCW 28A.150.250.

The district will track expenditures from the subfund to account for the expenditures based on each of the streams of revenue described above.

Capital Projects Fund

The Capital Projects Fund (CPF) contains:

-

- <u>Proceedsproceeds</u> from the sale of voted bonds (unlimited tax general obligation bonds) and non-voted bonds (limited general obligation bonds);
- State of Washington financing assistance (state matching money);
- Transferstransfers from the district's basic education allotment;
- Thethe proceeds of special levies earmarked for building purposes;
- <u>Earnings</u> from capital projects fund investments,
- growth management impact fees, ;
- state environmental protection act mitigation payments; and
- Rentalrental or lease proceeds; and
- proceeds from the sale of property.

The district may use -

Permissible expenditures from the proceeds derived from the sale of voted bonds, including the interest investment earnings thereof, for capital purposes including, but not limited to thereon, is governed expressly by state law and, may include the following purposes:

- Funding outstanding indebtedness acquisition of land or bonds already issued;
- Purchasing sites forexisting buildings, playgrounds, physical education, and athletic facilities;
- Erecting buildings and furnishing those buildings with the necessary furniture, apparatuses, and equipment;
- Improving the energy efficiency of the district's improvements to buildings and/or installing systems and components to utilize renewable grounds, design and construction and/or inexhaustible energy resources; andremodeling of buildings, or initial equipment; provided that, the bond election resolution and ballot proposition approved by the voters authorizing the bonds includes these items. The Washington Constitution prohibits the use of voted bond proceeds to replace equipment.

 Making major or minor structural changes and structural additions to buildings, structures, facilities, and sites.

All other money deposited into the CPF -

Proceeds from other sources are also governed by state law and may be used for the following purposes:

- Making major renovations to and replacing facilities and systems where periodical repairs are no longer economical or to extend the useful life of the facility or system beyond its original planned useful life, including but not limited to replacing or refurbishing roofs, exterior walls, windows major renovation and replacement including but not limited to roofing, heating and ventilating systems, floor covering in classrooms and public common areas, and electrical and plumbing systems;
- Renovating and rehabilitating playfields, athletic renovation of play fields, and other district real property;
- Conducting preliminary energy audits and energy audits of district buildings and making energy,
 capital improvements that are identified as being cost-effective in the audits;
- Purchasing or installing additional and major items of equipment and furniture;
- Paying the costs associated with and implementing technology systems, facilities, and projects—; including acquiring hardware licenses, licensing software, and online applications—and paying the costs associated with training related to the installation of such systems, facilities, and projects;
- Paying the costs associated with the application and modernization of that are an integral part of the district's technology systems for operations and instruction—including, but not limited to, the ongoing fees for online applications, subscriptions, or software licenses, including upgrades and incidental services—and paying for ongoing training related to the installation and integration of such products and services (to the extent funds are used for this purpose, the district will transfer the portion of the capital project funds used to the district's GF); and-
- Repairing major equipment, painting facilities, and performing other preventative maintenance (to the extend funds are used for this purpose, the district will transfer the portion of the capital project funds used to the district's GF).

After holding a public hearing, the board may determine by resolution to use any

Any money from the sale of voted bonds and investment earnings thereon remaining after the authorized capital improvements have been completed may be used to: (a) acquire, construct, install, equip and make other capital improvements to the district's facilities; or to(b) retire and/or defease a portion of voted bonds, all as the school board may determine by resolution after holding a public hearing pursuant to RCW 28A.530.020.

Investment earnings derived from other sources in the CPF should be retained in the CPF and used for statutorily authorized purposes. The district may transfer investment earnings in the CPF_that, which have not been derived from voted bond proceeds, to a different fund_if the; provided that, such investment earnings are usedmay only be expended for instructional supplies, equipment, or capital outlay purposes. The superintendent should consult the board and appropriate district staff prior to altering the use of voted bond proceeds and transferring investment earnings out of the CPF.

Debt Service Fund

The money in the Debt Service Fund (DSF) is used to pay for the payment of principal of and interest on outstanding voted and non-voted bonds. Disbursements are made by the county treasurer by means of treasurer's checks. Provision will be made annually for the making of a levy sufficient to meet the annual payments of principal and semiannual payments of interest. The district may transfer surplus investment earnings from the DSF to any other school district fund as long as; provided that, such investment earnings are spent only for instructional supplies, equipment, or capital outlay purposes. The district may transfer such investment earnings to other school district funds unless the resolution authorizing the voted bonds requires investment earnings to remain in the DSF to secure payment of voted bonds, thereby reducing future tax collections and the corresponding tax levy rate. The superintendent should consult with the board and appropriate staff prior to transferring interest earnings out of the DSF.

Non-voted bonds are required to be repaid from the school district's DSF, rather than the fund that actually received the non-voted bond proceeds. As a result, to pay <u>the</u> principal of and interest on the non-voted bond, an operating transfer must be used from the CPF (or other fund) to the DSF. The school district should

create a separate account within the DSF to repay the non-voted bond. The district should internally segregate the money pledged to repay the non-voted bond from any excess property taxes deposited in the DSF for the repayment of voted bonds.

Prior to the issuance of a non-voted bond, the superintendent or a designee will review the repayment process with the board and the county treasurer. The proceeds from the sale of real property may be placed in the DSF or CPF, except for the amount required to be expended for the costs associated with the sale of such property.

Associated Student Body Program Fund

The board is responsible for the protection and control of student body financial resources just as it is for other public funds placed in its custody. The financial resources of the Associated Student Body Program Fund (ASB Fund) are for the benefit of students. Student involvement in the decision-making processes related to the use of this money is an integral part of the associated student body, except that the board may delegate the authority to a staff member to act as the associated student body for any school that does not contain awhich contains no grade higher than grade six.

Money in the ASB Fund is public money and may not be used to support or oppose any political candidate or ballot measure. Money raised by students through recognized student body organizations will be deposited in and disbursed from the fund which is maintained by the county treasurer. The ASB Fund is subject to management and accounting procedures that which are similar to those required for all other district moneys. ASB constitutions will provide for participation by ASB representatives in the decisions to budget for and disburse ASB Fund money. Private non-associated student body fund moneys raised for scholarships, student exchanges, and charitable purposes will be held in trust by the district.

Transportation Vehicle Fund

The transportation vehicle fund (TVF) includes:

-

- the proceeds from the sale of transportation vehicles;
- lease, rental, or occasional use of surplus buses;
- depreciation reimbursement for district-owned buses;
- proceeds of TVF levies;
- optional transfers from the GF;
- and investment funds coming from the TVF.

The TVF may be used to purchase schooland/or rebuild buses or to pay for major repairs to school buses. On a contract or eash basis. Money may be transferred from the TVF to the DSF exclusively for the payment of debtprincipal of and interest associated with purchase agreements for school buses, including lease purchase agreements.

non-voted debt incurred by the TVF. Such a stransfer does not constitute a transfer of money from the TVF within the meaning of RCW 28A.160.130.

Bank Accounts

The district will maintain a system of bank accounts as follows:

-

- A district depository and/or transmittal bank account;
- An associated student body imprest bank account for each school having an associated student body organization approved by the board; and
- Petty cash accounts in such numbers as are necessary to meet the petty cash needs of the schools and divisions of the district.

_

The board may authorize the establishment of such accounts. Each petty cash account will be approved by the board. A custodian will be appointed for these accounts who will be independent of invoice processing, check signing, general accounting and cash receipts functions. If this separation of functions is not feasible, another employee who is independent of those functions will be responsible for reviewing the management of each account.

Cross References:

Board Policy 6030

Board Policy 3510

Financial Reports
Associated Student
Bodies

6100 - Revenues From Local, State and Federal Sources

Legal References:

Wash.Const., Article VII, 2 Voted bond proceeds and capital levy proceeds — Uses RCW 28A.320.320 Investment of funds of district—Service fee RCW 28A.320.330 School funds enumerated — Deposits — Uses

RCW 28A.325.010 Fees for optional noncredit extracurricular events — Disposition

RCW 28A.325.020 Associated student bodies — Powers and responsibilities affecting

RCW 28A.325.030 Associated student body program fund — Fund — raising activities — Nonassociated student body program fund moneys

RCW 28A.335.060 Surplus school property — Rental, lease or use of — disposition of moneys received from

RCW 28A.505.140 Rules for budgetary procedures —Review by superintendent — Notice of irregularity — Budget revisions

RCW 28A.530.010 Directors may borrow money, issue bonds

RCW 28A.530.020 Bond issuance — Election — Resolution to specify purposes RCW 28A.530.080 Additional authority to contract indebtedness--Notice RCW 42.17.555 Use of public office or agency facilities in campaigns — Prohibition — Exceptions

RCW 43.09.200 Local Government Accounting — Uniform system of accounting

RCW 43.09.210 Local Government Accounting Separate accounts for each fund or activity — Exemption for agency surplus personal property RCW 84.52.053 Levies by school districts authorized — When — Procedure RCW 84.52.056 Excess levies for capital purposes authorized WAC 392-123 Finance — School District Budgeting WAC 392-138 Finance — ASB Moneys State Auditor Bulletin #301, III(E), Petty Cash, (PT 3, Ch 3, Pg 8)

Management Resources: 2019 - March 2019 - March Policy Issue

2017 - July Issue

Revision Date: 9/25/17

Adoption Date: January 2, 2002 Woodland School District #404